Opening up Echo Chambers via Optimal Content Recommendation

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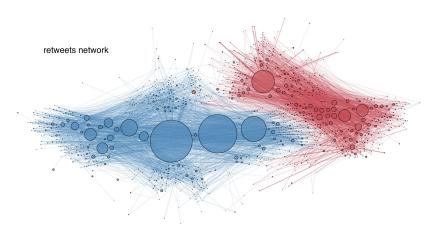






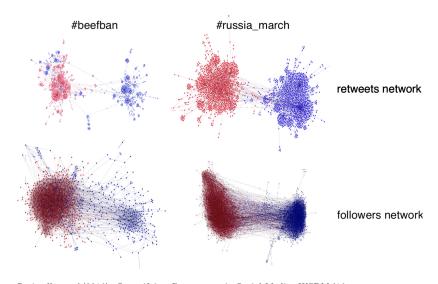
What is an echo chamber?

Echo chambers



Weber et al. (2020). #ArsonEmergency and Australia's "Black Summer": Polarisation and Misinformation on Social Media. MISDOOM 2020. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-61841-4_11

Echo chambers



Garimella et~al.(2016).Quantifying Controversy in Social Media. WSDM '16. https://doi.org/10.1145/2835776.2835792.

Consequences...

- opinion polarisation
- extremism
- ► fake news
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Need to open up the echo chambers!

The #Elysée2017fr dataset

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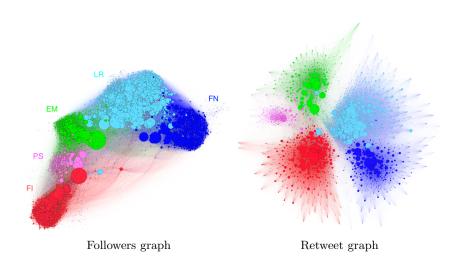
- ▶ 2.4M tweets
- ▶ 7.7M retweets
- \triangleright 22,853 profiles
- ▶ November 2016 May 2017
- ▶ known political affiliations FI,PS,EM,LR,FN

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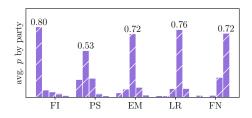
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Followers graph: 8,277 users and 975,168 edges

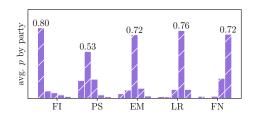


Echo chambers in #Elysée2017fr



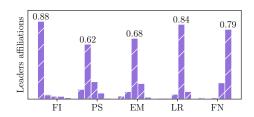
Distribution of content users are exposed to.

Echo chambers in #Elysée2017fr



Distribution of content users are exposed to.

Not surprising...



Quantifying content diversity

For user n:

$$\Phi_n = \frac{S}{S-1} \sum_{s=1}^{S} p_s^{(n)} (1 - p_s^{(n)}). \tag{1}$$

 $p_s^{(n)}$: average proportion of content from party s on the newsfeed of n.

S = 5: number of parties.

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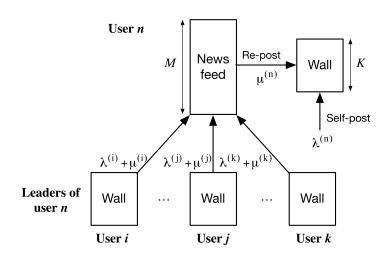
How to increase Φ_n with recommendations?

Diffusion model

- \triangleright Strongly connected network of N users.
- \triangleright Self-posting rates $\lambda_s^{(n)}$.
- \triangleright Re-posting rates $\mu^{(n)}$.
- ▶ Newsfeeds of finite size.
- ▶ Posts appear on the newsfeeds of followers and replace a random item.
- ▶ Repost uniformly at random amongst newsfeed items.

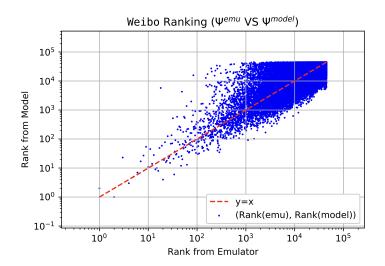
Giovanidis, A., Baynat, B., Magnien, C., Vendeville, A.: Ranking online social users by their influence. IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking 29(5), 2198-2214 (2021)

User n point of view



Giovanidis, A., Baynat, B., Magnien, C., Vendeville, A.: Ranking online social users by their influence. IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking 29(5), 2198–2214 (2021)

Empirical evaluation



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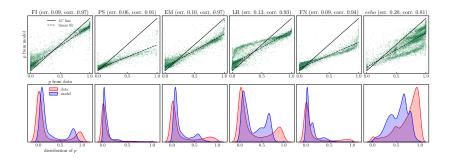
Balance of opinions on newsfeeds

At equilibrium $p_s^{(1)}, \ldots, p_s^{(N)}$ are solution of the following linear system:

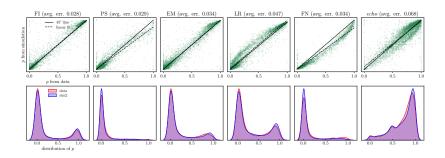
for
$$n = 1, ..., N$$
,
$$p_s^{(n)} \sum_{k \in \mathcal{L}^{(n)}} (\lambda^{(k)} + \mu^{(k)}) = \sum_{k \in \mathcal{L}^{(n)}} (\lambda_s^{(k)} + \mu^{(k)} p_s^{(k)}). \tag{2}$$

- Assuming the user graph is strongly connected and at least one user has $\lambda > 0$, the system has a unique solution.
- ► Computed via power iteration.

Empirical evaluation



With preferential reposting (simulation)



Goal: maximise average diversity of content on the newsfeeds.

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- $x_s^{(n)}$: rate at which we insert posts from party s into n's newsfeed
- ▶ B budget: no more than a proportion B of recommended content on newsfeeds

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Objective: find $x_s^{(n)}$ for all n, s to maximise average diversity under budget B.

Optimisation problem

$$\underset{x,p}{\operatorname{argmax}} \quad \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n} \Phi_{n}$$
s.t. for all n, s :
$$\underbrace{\frac{p_{s}^{(n)}}{1 - B} \sum_{k \in \mathcal{L}^{(n)}} (\lambda^{(k)} + \mu^{(k)}) = x_{s}^{(n)} + \sum_{k \in \mathcal{L}^{(n)}} (\lambda_{s}^{(k)} + \mu^{(k)} p_{s}^{(k)}),}_{model \ equation}}_{model \ equation}$$

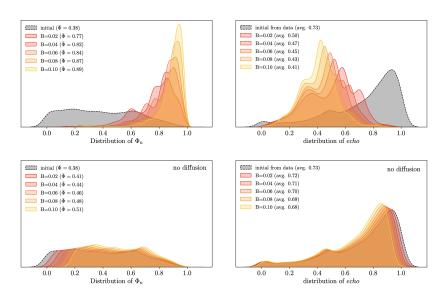
$$\underbrace{\sum_{s} x_{s}^{(n)} = \frac{B}{1 - B} \sum_{k \in \mathcal{L}^{(n)}} (\lambda^{(k)} + \mu^{(k)}),}_{budget \ constraint}}_{budget \ constraint}$$

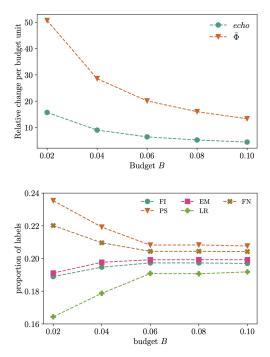
$$x_{s}^{(n)}, p_{s}^{(n)} \geq 0.$$

Optimisation problem

- quadratic objective with linear constraints
- ▶ 83K variables
- ▶ 50K constraints
- ► Gurobi solver (barrier algorithm)
- ightharpoonup runtime $\sim 10 \text{min}$

Now let's see the results...





Further research

- ▶ Model accuracy vs empirical values...
- ▶ Backfire effect: limit the amount of cross-cutting content?
- enforce equality in the share of recommendations dedicated to each party
- ▶ other methods: content filtering, users recommendations...
- ► This can also be used to promote a specific party!

Thank you!

Macroscopic VS Microscopic research

How to find a balance?

Budget constraint

$$\sum_{s} x_s^{(n)} = B \left(\sum_{s} x_s^{(n)} + \sum_{k \in \mathcal{L}^{(n)}} (\lambda^{(k)} + \mu^{(k)}) \right)$$

$$\Longrightarrow \sum_{s} x_s^{(n)} = \frac{B}{1 - B} \sum_{k \in \mathcal{L}^{(n)}} (\lambda^{(k)} + \mu^{(k)})$$

$$\tag{4}$$

Model equations

$$p_s^{(n)} \left(\sum_s x_s^{(n)} + \sum_{k \in \mathcal{L}^{(n)}} (\lambda^{(k)} + \mu^{(k)}) \right) = x_s^{(n)} + \sum_{k \in \mathcal{L}^{(n)}} (\lambda_s^{(k)} + \mu^{(k)} p_s^{(k)})$$

$$\implies \frac{p_s^{(n)}}{1 - B} \sum_{k \in \mathcal{L}^{(n)}} (\lambda^{(k)} + \mu^{(k)}) = x_s^{(n)} + \sum_{k \in \mathcal{L}^{(n)}} (\lambda_s^{(k)} + \mu^{(k)} p_s^{(k)})$$

$$(6)$$